

BAYAMO'S TRAGEDY.

Captain of the Civil Guard was
Famously Stabbed.

HE WAS VERY UNPOPULAR

WITH THE ISLANDERS OF PORTO RICO—A PROMINENT PHYSICIAN AND AN AMERICAN SYMPATHIZER ARRESTED FOR THE CRIME, ALTHOUGH POPULAR OPINION ACQUITS HIM OF ANY CONNECTION WITH IT—CAPTAIN GENERAL MACIAS WILL LEAVE SAN JUAN BEFORE THE FORMAL OCCUPATION.

SAN JUAN DE PORTO RICO, Oct. 6.

The Alcantara arrived here yesterday morning and will sail for Spain today with 300 sick Spanish soldiers.

Tuesday Captain Arlegui of the civil guard at Bayamo, was severely stabbed by some persons unknown. It is thought he will die. He is much disliked by the islanders.

The officials at Bayamo promptly made several arrests, including a prominent physician, Dr. St. Hall. Captain Arlegui and St. Hall have long been bitter personal enemies. The physician is known as an American sympathizer. He had to leave the island during the war and but recently returned. When arrested he was on a sick bed from which he was removed to the jail. Popular opinion acquits him of any connection with the stabbing.

Trouble of this character has been feared for some time at Bayamo. A Spanish resident recently asked for American protection. General Brooke replied that it was impossible to furnish this until the Spanish had evacuated the island and that in the meantime the Spaniards must look to the Spanish authorities for protection.

The Bayamo occurrence increases the apprehension among the Spanish at San Juan, where there have been similar incidents during the last few days.

The United States postal authorities now at Rio Piedras will be ready to establish an office here at the earliest opportunity.

The remainder of General Ernst's brigade, the Sixth Pennsylvania, and the Third Wisconsin now at Cayey, has received orders to proceed to Ponce on Friday next. It will take four days to make the trip. At Ponce they will embark for the United States, arriving between the 20th and the 25th.

Since the cessation of hostilities the large percentage of sickness among these regiments has been largely due to inactivity and lack of interest, with severe guard and patrol duty. The men are overjoyed at the prospect of returning to the United States.

Seven or eight old mortars, formerly on the city fortifications, were sold by the Spanish authorities and removed to the dock for shipment. The American commission objected to the removal and the sale was declared off. The mortars will be replaced.

It is said that Captain General Macias who has served Spain long and faithfully and has never known defeat or surrender, will leave the island before the formal delivery to the American government. The feeling which prompts this resolution is fully appreciated by Americans here.

OUR ORIENT TRADE.

Japan and China Increasing Their Purchases with Great Rapidity.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—The steady and rapid growth of our commerce with the orient is illustrated by a statement just received by the treasury bureau of statistics showing the imports and exports of Japan during the first half of the present calendar year. This shows that Japan's purchases from the United States continue to increase with great rapidity, while in many cases those which she has been accustomed to make from other parts of the world are being reduced. Her imports of raw cotton from the United States in the first six months of 1898, were 12,735,064 yen in value, against 8,311,328 yen in the corresponding months of the preceding year. The total imports of cotton into Japan in the half year amounted to 27,702,983 yen in value, an increase of a little over four million yen over the corresponding months of 1897; while the increase from the United States alone was nearly nine million yen, showing a general reduction from other parts of the world.

Doctors Can't Cure It!

Contagious blood poison is absolutely beyond the skill of the doctors. They may dose a patient for years on their mercurial and potash remedies, but he will never be rid of the disease; on the other hand, his condition will grow steadily worse. S. S. S. is the only cure for this terrible affliction, because it is the only remedy which goes direct to the cause of the disease and forces it from the system.

I was afflicted with Blood Poison, and the best doctors did me no good, though I took their treatment faithfully. In fact, I seemed to get worse all the while. I took almost every so-called blood remedy, but they did not seem to reach the disease, and had no effect whatever. I was disheartened, for it seemed that I would never be cured. At the advice of a friend I then took S. S. S., and began to improve. I continued to use it, and my health and increasing my appetite. Although this was ten years ago, I have never yet had a sign of the disease to return.

It is like self-destruction to continue to take potash and mercury; besides totally destroying the digestion, they dry up the marrow in the bones, producing a stiffness and swelling of the joints, causing the hair to fall out, and completely wrecking the system.

S. S. S. For the Blood

is guaranteed Purely Vegetable, and is the only blood remedy free from these dangerous minerals.

Book on self-treatment sent free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

while the imports from the United States were more than trebled.

Our manufacturers of iron and steel seem to be especially satisfactory to the Japanese, the increase in nearly all articles of this class being strongly marked.

The finer grades of American manufactures also seem to be finding special favor among the Japanese, imports of American watches having increased from \$5,511 yen in the first half of last year to 155,000 yen in the first half of the present year, while our own records of exports show an increase in exports of typewriters, sewing machines and other articles of this class to Japan in the first year just ended as compared with those of the preceding year.

To China our sales also show a gratifying increase in many articles. The total exports from the United States to China in the month of August, 1898, were \$1,432,211, against \$770,095 in the corresponding month of last year.

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

At Quebec has Accomplished a Great Amount of Work.

QUEBEC, Oct. 6.—The International conference will adjourn next Monday, October 10, to meet again in Washington, November 1. This is the official announcement made by the commissioners.

Senator Fairbanks, chairman of the American commission was asked what progress had been made and how much time the Washington session would probably require.

"We have accomplished a considerable amount of work," he said, "and there still remains much to be done." But beyond this indefinite statement he would not go. The Canadian people are very anxious to have the commissioners return here to sign the treaty. It is agreed on. They think it ought to go out to the world as the treaty of Quebec.

The Montgomery monument question was again reviewed by the appearance here of Mrs. Garrison, of Chicago, who represents the Sons of the Revolution. She will see the American commissioners and urge them to do what they can in the way of securing from the people of Quebec the privilege of erecting a monument in this city.

EPISCOPALIAN CONVENTION

Second Day's Session—Agulnaldo's Representative Asks the Prayers of the Church.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—Morning prayers for the delegates to the triennial convention of the Episcopal church, was held at the church of the Epiphany, Rev. Dr. McKim reading the prayer service. Bishop Gilbert, of Minnesota, pronounced the benediction. When the larger portion of the delegates had assembled Rev. Dr. Morgan Dix, the president, called the second day's session of the house of deputies to order. Preliminary routine business occupied the time of the house for an hour. A number of standing committees were appointed and resolutions and memorials on deceased members presented and referred to appropriate committees. Rev. Dr. Mann, of Missouri, offered a resolution naming Kansas City, Mo., as the next meeting place of the convention. From Indiana came a resolution expressing the earnest desire of the convention that the instructions to the commissioners to be appointed to the international peace conference proposed by the czar of Russia shall recommend the establishment of a permanent court for the settlement of all differences by arbitration.

Several resolutions on the question of

THIS IS UNUSUAL NEWS.

The Fact that the Government has Made a Remarkable Decision Regarding Whiskey.

Under the new revenue stamp law, whiskeys are exempt from special taxation, but medicines are taxed. It is a notable fact, however, that one whiskey is compelled by the government to use the proprietary stamp on the ground that it is a medicinal preparation. This solitary exception is made in the case of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. Its peculiar medicinal qualities being thus recognized by the government, as it has been recognized by hundreds of thousands of people who have experienced its curative qualities. This fact has long been known to the medical profession, viz: that Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is a medicinal whiskey prepared especially for the use of invalids and for the expedient treatment of all diseases where a tonic is desired.

CONQUEST OF SPANISH AMERICA.

It Must be Accomplished with Commercial Diplomacy.

International Magazine: The International Magazine's pet hobby is the commercial—not the territorial—conquest of the western hemisphere, and it is now running in its pages a course of self-instruction in the Spanish language, to the end that all its readers may fit themselves for business relations with Latin-Americans. In support of its belief that a knowledge of the language is first necessary, this wide-awake magazine is printing on its editorial page each month letters on the subject from our diplomatic and consular representatives in South and Central American countries. This month the showing is especially strong, and the Hon. R. M. Beaupre, for one, approves in no measured terms the International's stand in the matter. He says:

I heartily commend your efforts and the attitude you have taken concerning the trade of Spanish-America. It is true that there has been a steady increase in our business with Central America during the past few years, and quite lately I notice additional efforts being made by manufacturers and merchants who have heretofore taken no part in it; but I venture to say that with a better knowledge of the language and methods of these people we should have absolutely controlled these markets long ago.

Every mail brings me catalogues, beautifully printed and embellished, from manufacturers who express a desire to extend their trade, and ask me to circulate their catalogues. They are invariably printed in English, with a system of weights and measures utterly unknown here, with prices F. O. B. at Aurora, Ill., or some interior point, which means nothing to the buyer, for the goods must be transhipped at either New York or San Francisco. Such catalogues are valueless in the main, first because the merchants here do not read English; secondly, because they contain no information as to what the goods would cost at New York or delivered; thirdly, because they give net cash prices, whereas European merchants give a credit of six or nine months. There are no wholesale dealers here, and most of the trade is conducted through commission houses in San Francisco and New York, that send down representatives who understand the language and people.

There is no reason why manufactur-

PERSECUTION OF QUAY.

Proceedings Against the Pennsylvania Senator with View to His Impeachment.

Washington Post (Ind.): It is perfectly safe to predict that the criminal proceedings just instituted in Philadelphia against Hon. M. S. Quay, senior senator from Pennsylvania, will harm their authors much more than their intended victims. They typify a class of political animosities and revenge which are not admired by honest and high-minded men. They savor far more of malice and rancor than of civic virtue, and they are dangerous weapons to those who employ them in their schemes.

Nobody believes that Mr. Quay is capable of a criminal act. Even if he accord him no higher motives than those of selfishness and prudence, we must believe that he would scrupulously steer clear of law-breaking. The so-called "Wanamaker Business League"—dear, plous, oily old John; how well we remember his Encyclopedia Britannica!—are said to be conducting the prosecution, furnishing the "pointers" and suggestions, and generally working on the case. Doubtless they believe in Mr. Quay's guilt about as confidently as we do. Doubtless they are oddly qualified in such a case, to cast the first stone of accusation. But Quay has converted the pathway of Wanamaker's political aspirations into a cul-de-sac, and everybody knows the bitterness of which the truly good reformer is capable at times. The pursuit goes on, therefore, and we rather think that Mr. Quay's colleagues, Penrose, accurately appraise the spirit in which it is conducted, when he says:

"Attempted assassination of character has been almost the sole weapon of attack employed by Senator Quay's opponents for several years, and the methods pursued have been augmented in violence and vindictiveness as their utility has been demonstrated. As the last despairing effort of unscrupulous conspirators comes this brutal move of the opposition, which they have had up to their programme for weeks, with the desperate hope that it might in some way aid in the election of a Democratic legislature. The people of Pennsylvania are above all things else fair and just, and they can be trusted to see through the sinister motives animating the small coterie of disgruntled, defeated politicians who are responsible for this sensational resort to the courts. In due time there will be a complete exposition of the true inwardness of this latest act in the drama of character assassination, now so conspicuous a feature in Pennsylvania politics."

Of course, we shall know the truth in time, and we feel assured that it will not be upon the side of Mr. Quay's pursuers. It is possible, though improbable, that the Pennsylvania voters may be credulous enough to adjust themselves to this ridiculous rookback so transparently trumped up on the very threshold of the state campaign. It is possible, indeed, that John Wanamaker and his associate saints may influence the election of a few anti-Quaymen to the Pennsylvania legislature. But we do not believe that even these pitiful results will reward the conspiracy against Quay, and we are confident to push them to a conclusion—will vindicate Mr. Quay as completely as, in our judgment, he is vindicated now.



A DISPUTED LITTLE ISLAND.

This is the famous little island of Crete, which, though small, is making a tremendous stir just now in both worlds, civilized and heathen. Crete may yet involve Central Europe and Asia in a mighty war in which not only countries but religions will be at stake. At present Crete is claimed by the Mussulmans and Turks.

marriage and divorce were presented, and Bishop Davenport, of the Diocese of Springfield, moved that the discussion of these questions by the convention be held behind closed doors, but some objection was made to immediate consideration and the matter was referred to the calendar of business for consideration by a committee.

The communication received yesterday from Felix Aguilnaldo, the representative of Aguilnaldo now in this city, was read by Dr. McConnell, of Louisiana. The document expressed the esteem of the Filipinos for the convention and asked the prayers of the church in behalf of the natives of the Philippine Islands, their liberties and welfare. The convention then proceeded to the consideration of the report on the revision of the constitution which had been made a special order for 11 o'clock.

Hoop Iron Trust Dissoves.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 6.—After an existence of three years, during which time a uniform price was maintained, the hoop iron combination has been dissolved by the mutual consent of the firms which were parties to its formation. Unusual prosperity in the business is the reason given for the demise of the combine. The dissolution of the trust, it is predicted, forebodes a lively cutting in the prices of hoop iron, although this will hardly take place for some time. All of the firms are said to be stocked with orders whose delivery extends late into 1899 and to fill which will require the steady operation of their mills for almost a year.

Rural Free Delivery.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—Acting Postmaster General Heath has ordered the establishment of rural free delivery service at the following places: Parker, Ind.; Parkersburg, W. Va.; Starsburg, Va.; Hackett, N. Y.; Perryburg, N. Y.; Mayville, N. D.; St. Thomas, N. D.

ers in all parts of the United States should not deal directly with the merchants here, but they cannot do this in the English language. Therefore, as you have pointed out, the most essential thing is to learn Spanish.

The young man who is contemplating a business career ought certainly to take up Spanish; and the commercial world should be thankful to you for disseminating the information and affording the means of acquiring the language.

Free Pills.
Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Logan Drug Co., drugists.

Knights Templar Conclave—Cyrene Commandery's Extension to Pittsburgh.
Will be Tuesday, October 11, and the Baltimore & Ohio is the route selected. A special train of Royal Blue coaches, with parlor cars attached, will leave Wheeling at 6:30 a. m., making quick time. Returning a special train will leave Pittsburgh at midnight. Low rates. Make your arrangements now to go with this excursion.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder Diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. H. List, druggist, Wheeling, W. Va.

THE LARGER HALF.

The Same in Wheeling as Elsewhere. The bigger half of worldly trouble. The greater part of mankind's suffering. Can safely be laid to the kidneys. Kidneys filter the blood. Keep the human system healthy. But they can't do this when they're sick.

Easy to tell sick kidneys. Look to the back for the note of warning.

Most backache pains are kidney ills. Twinges, twinges pains and aches of a bad back. Should be treated promptly.

Every day's delay means future trouble. Urinary complications set in, diabetes, Bright's disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills are kidney specialists.

Cure every form of kidney ills. Proof of this in Wheeling testimony. Mrs. William Slater, of No. 414 Wood street, says: "I met with an accident getting a severe fall when stepping off a street car. It is to that I attribute all my trouble I had with my kidneys. I suffered with a constant aching and soreness across my back and weakness so that the slightest jar would cause twinges of pain and at times I could scarcely get up or down. Along with it there was a urinary weakness and heavy bearing down pains in the bladder. When I got Doan's Kidney Pills at the Logan Drug Co., I was so used up that I could scarcely get around. I began taking them and felt relieved almost at once. I continued their use until I felt well and hearty like my old self. I can honestly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to others, knowing them to be all they are represented to be."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

Dr. Miller's Pain Pills cure Neuralgia.

GOLD DUST.

DISHES WASHED



Gold Dust does it. Morning, noon and night. Makes all dull things bright. Housework's a delight with

GOLD DUST

Washing Powder

It gives to an humble home or a palace the cleansing touch that both alike require. It's woman's best friend and dirt's worst enemy. THE E. H. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

GOOD TIDINGS FROM CAPOTE.

The Cuban Vice President Tells of the Friendly Feeling Which His Countrymen Entertain for the People of the United States.



The readers of this newspaper can better understand the attitude of the Cuban people toward Americans by the tidings from Senor Capote, vice president of Cuba, who says that his countrymen entertain for the people of the United States the most friendly feeling, and that Americans who visit the republic are fairly lionized. He adds that the Cubans are ready in need of improvement in every way, but that their greatest drawback lies in the fact that schools are scarce and there are only about one-third of the inhabitants who can read.

Senor Capote is a Cuban by birth, and has always made his home in Havana. He received his education in that city, and practiced law there for a number of years. He joined the insurgents in 1895, and last November was elected vice president of the republic, succeeding General Maso, who was elected president.

Senor Capote has visited this country, and it was while on his way here last May that he came near being captured

by Spanish cavalry, who chased him from the suburbs of Cuba's capital, in the mountains of Puerto Principe province. The vice president escaped, however, and safely made the dangerous trip from Cuba to the island of Jamaica in an open boat. There he took passage for America on a steamer which was wrecked in a storm just off the Cuban coast, near Cape May. Arriving at this point the party was sure of being captured, but the commander of the Spanish force at Cape May's lighthouse mistook Capote and his associates for foreigners instead of Cuban patriots, and all escaped before he learned differently. In speaking of his experience to an American reporter after reaching this country Senor Capote laughingly said: "I shall always remember that saying used so frequently by your people that 'where ignorance is bliss 'tis folly to be wise,' for it is only through that coveted accomplishment of Spanish officials that my friends and self managed to escape."

HORRIBLE CRIME

Revealed by the Death-bed Confession of a Woman Criminal.

WASHINGTON COURT HOUSE, O., Oct. 6.—Eleven years ago Louis Ball was foully murdered here, his head being cut off with a razor and his head and body laid across the railroad track in such a manner as to appear that he had been killed by a train. Abraham Hoffman was arrested for the crime, but was released for lack of convicting evidence. Others were suspected but it looks now as if the death-bed confession of Mrs. Jeffreys, of Hillsboro, Ohio, just made in the presence of four persons

whom she called to her death chamber, will reveal the identity of the murderer.

Mrs. Jeffreys implicated herself, another woman, and four men, giving their names. She said that she held Ball's head while a man cut it off with a razor; that the blood was allowed to flow into a tub, which was afterward concealed under a house, and that the other woman held Ball on her lap while his head was being cut off. The coat carried the body and head to the railroad track to cover up the crime. The persons implicated live in and about the city. Detectives have gone to Highland county for additional evidence and a big sensation is looked for to-day.

A REGULAR NIGHTMARE.



1—Hamlet: What have you to-day, waitah?
Walter: Well, we have eggs, squash, cabbage and turnips.



2—Hamlet: For heaven's sake, man, shut up! I had 'em all last night.